CHARRED BONES FOUND IN TUNNEL

Believed Every One of

ONLY ONE BODY

Searchers Not Able to Penetrate Very Far Into Opening-Rock Still Falling, Making Exploration Dangerous - At Least Eight Americans Among Dead.

Cumbre, Chihuahua, Mexico, Febroury 8.-Nothing but charred bones and buttons were found by the rescuing party which, with the ald of oxygen helmets and pulmoters, to-day pene-trated the Cumbre Tunnel from the south portal as far as the locomotive and first two cars of the passenger train which entered the burning cavern. These are supposed to be the remains of the engineer and fireman of the ill-fated passenger train. They were prob-ably killed when their engine crashed into the burning freight train, which had been pushed into the tunnel by Castillo's bandits several hours before, it is said. Now, it is believed, that every one of the fifty or more pas-sengers, including the crew aboard the train when it dashed into the tunthe train when it dashed into the tun-nel last Wednesday night, are dead, but whether the frain was hurried into the tunnel to escape being captured by Castillo's bandits or sent headlong to its destruction by the bandits, may

by Castillo's bandits or sent headlong to its destruction by the bandits, may never be known.

Heavy Timbering on Pire.
Entrance from the north portal will earliest, and probably not until the earliest, and probably not until the mext day, as the heavy timbering still is burning. The rescuers who to-day way greatly impeded not only by the piron framework of the burned cars, but by great masses of earth and rock which had fallen from the roof of the congressional investigating committee by strikers.

The statement was made to-night by O. N. Hilton, senior counsel for the Mr. Bryan in Chicago. Mr. Bryan was writing from Chicago his impressions of the Republican National Convention. A few weeks prior to the Baltimore convention that the south the committee this week by the strikers.

The mine owners have not publicly outlined their testimony, beyond saying they will produce any witnesses, which had fallen from the roof of the ongressional committee. Hearings the probable in the House resolution. They are tunnel. Rock still is falling, making exploration dangerous. The wreckage is covered by from five to ten feet of earth, and the only hope of finding any bodies is that they may have been covered with earth before having been reached by the flames, which is not probable.

Depreceded to the constitution of Miners, who will be defore the committee this week by the Republican National Convention. A few weeks prior to the Baltimore convention the Chicago his impressions of the Republican National Convention. A few weeks prior to the Baltimore convention the Chicago his impressions of the Republican National Convention. A few weeks prior to the Baltimore convention the resulting for the resulting for the Republican National Convention. A few weeks prior to the Baltimore convention the Chicago his impressions of the Republican National Convention. A few weeks prior to the Baltimore convention the Republican National Convention. A few weeks prior to the Baltimore convention the Convention that the Republican National Conv eached by the flames, which is no In the whole distance traversed to-

In the whole distance traversed today not a particle of the woodwork of
all the cars burned was found. The
only recognizable body thus far recovered is that of Juan Fernandez, rear
brakeman of the passenger train, who
had escaped to within 200 feet of the
north portal, when he finally succumbed, dying in a sitting posture, with a
handkerchief tied about his nose and
handkerchief tied about his nose and handkerchief tied about his nose and handkerchief tied about his nose and handkerchief tied about his nose and handkerchief tied about his nose and handkerchief tied about his nose and handkerchief tied about his nose and handkerchief tied about his nose and handkerchief tied about his nose and handkerchief tied about his nose and handkerchief tied about his nose and handkerchief tied about his nose and handkerchief tied about his nose and handkerchief tied about his nose and handkerchief tied about his nose and handkerchief tied about his nose and handkerchief tied about his nose and handkerchief tied about his nose and handke

Among the Americans who lost their lives in the tunnel were: Mrs. Lee Carruth and five children, family of an engineer employed at Madera.

REFUSES TO VACATE PULPIT

All Believed Dend.
Washington, February S.—All those aboard the ill-fated passenger train which collided with seven burning freight cars in Cumbre Tunnel appear to have perished. They included at least eight Americans and thirty Mexleans, according to a dispatch to-night from American Consul Letches at Chihuahua.

The dispatch, dated to-day, gave information brought to Chihuahua by persons who had just arrived from have been aboard the train and whose hopecker. It said the Americans known to bodies were being sought by a relief party included:

J. Gilmartin, superintendent

aboard.

From American Consul Edwards, at From American Consul Edwards, at Juarez, came the information that Vice-Consul Zoeller had left with a special train for Cumbre Tunnel, with about thirty Americans and a guard of fifty Constitutionalist soldiers. They took many coffins with them, as they had little hope of finding alive any of the passengers or crew of the train.

Mr. Edwards added that it had been positively established in the latest telegram received from near the scene of the disaster they the train was not held up by the bandits before it entered the tunnel, and that it also was known that the bandits had departed about two hours before the train entered the tunnel, and that it also was known that the bandits had departed about two hours before the train entered the tunnel in the latest that it had been tered the tunnel, and that it also was known that the bandits had departed about two hours before the train entered the tunnel in the latest that it had been the train was not held up by the bandits had departed about two hours before the train entered the tunnel, and that it also was known that the bandits had departed about two hours before the train entered the tunnel, and that it also was known that the bandits had departed about two hours before the train entered the tunnel, and that it also was known that the bandits had departed about two hours before the train entered the tunnel. about two hours before the train en-tered the south end of the tunnel. Seven stock cars had been set on fire at the north end, which ignited tim-bers in the tunnel, and it is the sup-

position of those near the scene the the passenger train ran into and collided with the turning cars.

as to whether or not the bandits intended to destroy lives.

Secretary Bryan was busy at the State Department all day answerin messages of inquiry concerning the Americans and telegraphins instructions to the nearest consuls. The advices were shown to President Wilson.

The secretary commended John R. Mott, who declined the post of minister to China because he felt he could serve God and his fellow-men better as a leader in the Y. M. C. A.

GOETHAL RECEIVES REPORT

There is confidence at the State De

CAN LIVE ON DIME A DAY

FOUND INTUNNEL

BY RESCUE PARTY

Plends for Simple Life.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]

Los Angeles, February 8.—Eighty-five years old yesterday, Dr. Henry S.

Tanner, who achieved world-wide fame by equaling the exploit of Elijah and other biblical characters in fasting forty days and forty nights, declares that the simple life is the only solution of the high cost of living question. Furthermore, he offers to live for one year on 10 cents a day to prove not only that it is possible to do with comfort, but that a person's health will be greatly benefited by a food schedule which calls for a dime's worth of nuts and fruit as the daily menu.

"I am eighty-five years old," said Dr. Tanner, "and as I have said before, I expect to get married when I am 100 years old and settle down.

"I am eighty-five years old," said Dr. Tanner, "and as I have said before, I expect to get married when I am 100 years old and settle down.

"I understand from a friend that John D. Rockefeller says he would give \$1,000,000 to have my stomach. I fear the change cannot be affected, but if John D. will go to bed and do without food for forty days and nights, he will have digestive organs like mine, and it won't cost him a million dollars."

FATAL RACE BATTLE

FATAL RACE BATTLE

Negroes Fire on White Men and Kill Officer.

Americus, Ga., February 8.—Marion Bass, a deputy constable, was killed; Tucker Cassell, constable, seriously wounded; Lou Larramore, deputy constable, painfully wounded, and Edward Tyson, a negro, was killed in a battle late last night in a negro settlement near Desoto, fifteen miles from this place. Copper Bivines, another negro to-day is being pursued by a posse with bloodhounds. It is reported that Bivins is armed.

According to reports received here late to-day two white men were fired on late yesterday as they passed the negro settlement. Neither was injured, but the matter was reported to county Negroes Fire on White Men and Kill negro settlement. Neither was injured, but the matter was reported to county officers, who went to the reene to arrest the negroes who had done the shooting. When Cassell and his deputies reached the negro settlement they were fired upon, Bass falling dead at the first volley. Cassell and Larramore, although wounded, returned the fire killing Tyson. Blvins, said to have taken part in the shooting, escaped. No arrests yet have been made.

WILL INVESTIGATE CAUSES

First Subject of Inquiry by Committee in Strike Region.

Hancock, Mich., February 8.—Causes that led up to existing conditions in the Michigan copper country will be the first subject presented to the congressional investigating committee by striking miners.

Tillman and McLaurin Speak for First

and shook hands here on Saturday ed. dying in a sitting posture, with a handkerchief tied about his nose and mouth, in a vain endeavor to save himself from being smothered by the smoke and gas.

It is believed that all others in the train, who were not maimed or killed when the passenger train hit the wirekage of the freight, attempted to escape, as did Fernandez, but were overcome.

Amount the Americans who lost that

Rector Instructs Attorney to Carry
Case to Supreme Court.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]
Philadelphia, February S.—Despite
an opinion handed down by Judge
Weand, of the Montgomery County
Court, the Rev. J. S. Ballentine, rector
of St. James Episcopal Church, Evansburg, deposed by Bishop Rhinelander
nearly a year ago, refused to vacate
his pulpit.
The rector declares his attorneys
were instructed to file exceptions to

his pulpit.

The rector declares his attorneys were instructed to file exceptions to Judge Weand's decision, and to carry the case to the Supreme Court. In the meantime he is holding the pulpit.

Mr. Ballentine has served for eight years in his church, and has a host of friends who support him in his stand. Among these is former Governor Pennypacker.

TAKES POISON BY MISTAKE

Map Who Swallowed Hichloride Tablets
In Critical Condition.

C. H. Marders, express agent.
Henry Schofield, superintendent at
Juaroz.
K. L. Hatfield, business man, El Paso.
Thomas M. Kelly, conductor.
J. I. Morris, roadmaster.
Lumber Company.
J. W. Webster, conductor in charge of train.
Edward J. McCutcheon, engineer.
About thirty other persons, including some unidentified Americans, were aboard.

Map Who Swallowed Hichloride Tablets in Critical Condition.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]
Philadelphia, February S.—Awaken-philadelphia, February S.—Awaken-

LIVE FOR DAYS ON COCOANUTS

INDIFFERENCE IS DANGER

Seven stock cars had been set on fire at the north end, which ignited timbers in the tunnel, and it is the supposition of those near the scene timbe passenger train ran into and collided with the turning cars.

The consul said opinion was divided as to whether or not the bandits inended to destroy lives.

The secretary commended to be Reserved.

There is confidence at the State Department that the Constitutionalists will do everything possible to punish the offenders.

Will Protect Spaniards.

Washington, February 8.—After a conference with President Wilson tonight, Secretary Bryan announced that assurances had been received from General Francisco Villa of his intention to protect Spanish subjects at Torreon, Word also was received from the Con-Word also was received from the Con-Gontinued On Second Page.)

He Will Decide What Action to Take in Burke Cane.

Panama, February 8.—The report of the investigation into alleged irregularities in the commissary department, of which John Burke is manager, is in the hands of Colonel George W. Goethals, chairman of the Panama Canal Commission, who to-morrow will decide what action, if any, is to be taken.

Allegations have been made that Mr. Burke has accepted illegal commissions from contractors for supplies.

Contract of the Contract of th

FREE TOLLS PLANK

NOT PUT IN PARTY PLATFORM BY RUSE

Have Had Approval of Bryan.

COMMITTEE HELD SECRET SESSIONS

Apparent Disposition Not to Discuss Its Work or Comment on Its Discussions - Adamson Will Lead Fight in House for Repeal of Provision.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] Washington, February 8 .- The free exempting American ships from charges in passing through the Panama Canal, was not slipped into the party declaration by a ruse. This clause of the tration leaders in Congress had almost platform had the approval of William Jennings Bryan, it was learned upon high authority to-night. The assertion of President Wilson's

friends that he proposes the abrogation of the free tolls clause because political chicanery was employed to have it drafted as a party principle, has aroused resentment in Congress, and a hot fight is in prospect.

Mr. Bryan discussed the free tolls

provision with William R. Wheeler, of California, two weeks before the Bal-

"Senator O'Gorman, of New York, and Representative Broussard, of Louisiana, both members of the convention plat-form committee, supported free tolls,

Secretary Bryan said to-night: "I do not care to discuss now the free tolls matter, or the plank of the Baltimore platform."

Bryan Knew of Provision.

Members of the convention party platform committee assert that Mr. Bryan, who was chairman of the committee, knew of every provision of the platform, and no effort was made to disguise the purpose and effect of this or any other plank. They recall that Mr. Bryan supported the platform at the convention and during the cam-

It was stated also that President Wilson, during the campaign, had de-clared in speeches his acceptance of the platform, and his intention to put into effect its recommendations

Senator O'Gorman, chairman of the Senate Canal Committee, will lead the Senate opposition to repeal of the free tolls provision of the Panama act. Representatives Doremus, Michigan, chairman of the Democratic Congres-sional Committee, and Covington, Maryland, led the fight in the House for passage of the free tolls provision. They have not changed their position on the legislation

Chairman Adamson, of the House Interstate and Foreign Commerce the House until the trust legislation has been passed. Mr. Adamson has introduced a bill providing a two years' suspension of free tolls.

Yacht Warrior Abandoned.
[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]
Galveston, Tex., February 8.—A wireless message from Panama says that
efforts to float the wrecked Vanderbilt yacht Warrior have proved futile. The yacht has been abandoned as a total loss. The crew is expected at The crew is expected at

10,856 Want Ads

Since January 1 of this year, not including to-day's issue, The Times-Dispatch has printed 10.856 Want Ads.

These figures prove that the people recognize The Times-Dispatch as the greatest advertising medium in this section of the country.

These figures prove that the people secure results from advertising in this newspaper.

If you want to employ any one, to secure employment, to sell something or to buy anything, try a Want Ad in The Times-Dispatch.

Call Monroe 1

LEADERS ALMOST FORGET WOMEN'S DEMAND FOR VOTE

This Clause Is Said to Suffrage Problem Over- Objection Made by looked in Rush of Other Business.

BUT SENATE CAN'T GET AWAY FROM IT

Resolution Providing for Constitutional Amendment Will Be Called Up To-Day-Vote Not Likely, as Several Senators Wish to Deliver Speeches.

Washington, February 8 .- With their minds preoccupted with immigration tolls plank of the Democratic platform, problems, trust legislation, treaty obthe Panama tells question, adminis-

> To-morrow, however, the resolution to provide for a constitutional amendment, extending suffrage to women is first on the calendar of business in the Senate, and, there being no unfinished business before that body, the resolution will be called up. Senator Ashurst, who is guiding the destinies of hurst, who is guiding the destinies of that there was practical unanimity in the resolution, does not expect it to the committee as to the necessity for come to vote, because several Senators served him with notice some time ago that when the subject did come up they would like to discuss it.
>
> Votes Not Expected Now.

"I know that the suffrage resolution will be before us to-morrow," said Senator Ashurst to-night, "but I do not think it will be voted on, as several Senators wish to debate it. If they give notice to-morrow that they want time to prepare their speeches, the resolution will go over. I am quite certain, however, that the Senate will vote on it before long; some time this session, at any rate."

Senator Ashurst will be on the alert when the calendar is reached to-mor-row. If, by any chance, there are no objections to immediate consideration put upon its passage. Several weeks ago, the resolution was reported when no one was expecting it, and the Arizo t Senator reached the Senate cham-

ing week the President's purpose in the matter now being thoroughly the support of the government.

The pending resolution says that the

the debate progresses.
Immigration Uppermost restrictive literacy test already, has pensation as may be thought proper."
When the committee has just taken it up, deternined upon daily sessions until it has finished its deliberations. That there is to be a fight over the literacy test. is to be a fight over the literacy test is certain, and a modification of the restrictive provisions is expected.

Assembly to consider it.

Object to Expense Objection to the above

The bills for the antitrust legislation program are far from complete. Hearings on them will continue before ings on them will continue before House committees during the week, and a conference with President Wilson, relating to them is being urged by some of the Democratic leaders. To-morrow Frederick Straus, of New ork, who was a member of former President Taft's commission on railway capitalization, will appear before the House Committee on Interstate Com Interstate and Foreign Commerce
Committee, who opposes free tolls, will
lead in the House fight for repeal of
this section of the existing law. He merce to discuss the proposed bill for tentative outline of a measure to reg-ulate holding companies. A measure has been drafted which would not prohibit all forms of holding corporations, but would prohibit the acquisition by holding companies of stock in com peting concerns. Representatives Clay-ton, Carlin and Floyd, of the Judiciary subcommittee, were impressed last week, by the testimony of officials of the Gulf Refining Company, a Texas corporation. Officials of that Texas corporation. Officials of that concern testified that they had no rela-tions of any kind with the Standard Oll Company, but submitted that a holding corporation was absolutely essen-tial to their competition against a socalled "monopoly. On Rural Credits.

Hearings on rural credits legislation will be continued before the House Subcommittee on Banking and Currency. Conferences between the President, Representative Bulkely, chairman of the subcommittee; Majority Leader Underwood, of the House, and Senator Owen, chairman of the Senate committee, resulted in the determina-tion to press for early passage the bill which will be framed by the committee. Joint hearings by the Senate and House committees probably will be arranged, but an effort will be made to have the bill before the House by April 1.

SUCCESSOR TO FINLEY

Professor Elliott. Brother-in-Law of President, Being Considered.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]

New York, February f.—Professor Edward G. Elliott, of Berkeley, Cal., who was dean of Princeton University for many years, is being considered as the probable successor to Dr. John H. Finley, as president of the college of the City of New York.

Mr. Elliott is a brother-in-law of Mrs. Woodrow Wilson, having married a sister of the President's wife. He was born in Murfreesboro, Tenn., and studied at Berlin and Holdelberg. He is also author of historical works.

EIGHTEEN MEN TO DRAW NEW PLANS FOR TAX REFORM

Members to Cost of Large Committee.

HOUSE DEBATING ENABLING ACT

While Amendments Are Being Discussed Regular Calendar Is Becoming Much Congested. One Hundred and Fifty-Eight Bills Ready for Action.

While there is practical agreement among members of the General Assembly that there should be an extra session for the consideration of tax re-form, there is a wide divergence of views as to the constitution of a committee to sit between the adjournment of the present session and the as-sembling of the special session to study forgotten that they are face to face with the equal suffrage question.

To-morrow, however, the resolution to provide for a constitutional amendtee on Saturday afternoon in executive session, and the committee will take the matter up again this morning at 10 o'clock.

Chairman Weaver said last night tax reform at an extra session, but that the committee had not yet reached an agreement as to the method by which the new plan of taxation should be prepared. He said he would sug-gest to his committee to-day the ad-visability or holding a toint conference. visability or holding a joint conference with the Senate Finance Committee, of which Senator Echols is chairman, with

Assembly a definite plan of operation.

Elghteen on Committee.

The resolution now pending before the House Finance Committee proposes the appointment of a joint committee of eighteen members, each of whom shall receive \$10 a day while stilled. of eighteen members, each of whom shall receive \$10 a day while sitting, together with mileage and expenses. This special joint committee on taxation is "charged with the duty of fully considering the whole system of taxation which is now in force in the Commonwealth and also the existing statutors." wealth, and also the existing statutes for the assessment and collection of taxes and other revenues." It is to re-port what changes in the present sysber just in time to speak on the sub-ject himself and ask that it be re-served for future action.

Initiative action on the repeal of the

Initiative action on the repeal of the isting statutes for the assessment and section of the Panama Canal act, collection of taxes to make them more exempting American coastwise ships equitable, just and fair in their operation, and better adapted to the purpose

"The sessions of the committee were secret." said Mr. Broussard. "There seems to be a disposition not to discuss its work or to comment on the discussions attending the framing of different planks. I have tried unsuccest the planks. I have tried unsuccest the committee to tell their views of the committee to tell their views of the committee's intention when the plank was drafted."

The pending resolution says that the committee shull immediately on administration leaders. Whether the President will read a special message to Congress on the subject has not been determined, but, whether he does or not, a bill to repeal the toll exemption section is now report; shall theroughly consider the whole subject of taxation, and prepare and report to a special session of the committee's intention when the plank was drafted." current of sentiment among Democrats who voted for toll exemption, that repeal of the law will be wise from the standpoint of foreign relations. There is no loubt about the repeal carrying in the House, and opposition in the Senate is expected to narrow down as the delate progresses. resolution power resolution power to employ clerks, stenographers, attorneys and experts Immigration Uppermost.

In addition to the antitrust legislative program, the issue uppermost in Congress at present is immigration, and, though the Burnett bill, with its

> Objection to the above plan is main ly on account of the size of the com-mittee. Eighteen members at \$10 a day will cost the State \$180 a day, while with clerks, stenographers, ex-perts, printing and other expenses, the running cost of the committee sessions, it is claimed, will not be less than \$250 per day. As the committee ma continue in session for from six menths to a year before completing its work and requesting the calling of the special session, the total cost may be anywhere from \$10,000 to \$75,000 ing and other necessary expenses, will cost from \$40,000 to \$50,000. According to these calculators, therefore, th new tax bill will have cost the State by time it is enacted, from \$80,000 to It is conceded that it will be fully worth the outlay to the State to have a just and equitable system of taxation, placing the burden of sup-(Continued On Third Page.)

Winter's Backbone Is Far From Broken

Washington, February S.—Winter's backbone is still a long way from broken, according to the Wenther Bureau experts. "The general distribution of atmospheric pressure over the North American continent and the adjacent oceans," said the weekly bulletin to-day, "indicates temperatures considerably below the seasonal average until the middle of the week cast of the Rocky Mountains, and temperatures bear the seasonal average on the Pacific Const.

The weather generally will be fair

on the Pacific Const.

The weather generally will be fair the first half of the week in the Plains States and the Great Central Valleys and the North Atlantic States. In the Gulf and South Atlantic States, the weather will be overcast, with probably rains along the Gulf and South Atlantic consts until Wednesday.

"The next disturbance of impor-

"The next disturbance of importance will appear on the North Pacific Const on Tuesday, attended by general rains. It will prevail over the Middle West on Thursday and over the Eastern States on Friday or Saturday. This disturbance will be preceded by a general reaction to higher temperatures, and be attended by general rain in Southern States.

will be followed by colder

URGES ONE DAY'S REST

URGES ONE DAY'S REST

John Mitchell Pleads for Enactment of Needed Legislation.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]

New York, February 8.—John Mitchell, vice-president of the American Federation of Labor, in an address delivered before the Republican Club to-day, made a strong plea for the passage of a law compelling employers to recognize the right of the workingman to one day's rest out of every seven.

"Ours is the most prosperous country on earth, and we want our workingment to enjoy their full measure of this prosperity. I hold that those who work seven days a week are not in condition to appreciate the spirit of liberty and justice on which this government was founded.

"I hope that the New York labor law will include all workingmen in its provisions for one day of rest out of seven, and that other States will enact legislation providing that workingmen shall have the opportunity to rest one day a week."

Mr. Mitchell recommended the enactment of laws enforcing the eight-hour day, partly because there are too many men now out of employment and partly because the shorter day of labor is more humane and economical in the long run.

"What actuated Henry Ford," he add-

more humane and constitutions run.

"What actuated Henry Ford," he added, "was a desire to get away from the opposition that might come out of a twelve-hour work day."

NEW YORK SETTLED BY JEWS

Proof of Colonial Activities Obtained by Historical Society. [Special to The Times-Dispatch.] Philadelphia, February 8.—Proof of the early settlement of New York by the Jews and subsequent Colonial ac-tivities of followers of that religion has been obtained by the Jewish His-torical Society, and will be submitted, with the results of other research work at the annual meeting of the or-ganization in this city February 22 and 23.

ganization in this city February 22 and 23.

The most important business of the session, it is conceded, will be a study of the minutes of the She'erith Israel Congregation of New York City, which have just been brought together. This congregation flourished during the early colonization of the Empire State, and the events with which the official records of its organization and earliest endeavors deal are interwoven, with the struggles of the new nation. The research work has been going on for a year.

TWO AUTO ACCIDENTS

One Man Killed, One Fatally Hurt and Three Less Scrionsly Injured.

New Orleans, February S.—One man was killed, one probably fatally injured and three less seriously hurt in two automobile accidents here early to-day. Harry Hoyle, thirty-five, a saloonist, was killed when an automobile in which he and three employes of the Sewerage and Water Board turned turtle. The injured were: Andrew McBride, W. M. Constans and William Mahoney, chauffeur.

Captain Marcus T. Cashen, fifty, of the fire insurance patrol, received a fracture of the skull and internal injuries, when a borrowed automobile driven by Cyrus Shelton collided with the salvage wagon of the patrol. At the hospital to-night, it was stated Cashen had a bare chance of recorrery. Shelton was afrested.

NEW PRESIDENT OF HAITI

Orestes Zamor, Former War Minister, Elected by Congress.

Port au Prince, February S.—Congress to-day elected Orestes Zamor President of Haiti. There were no disorders attending the arrival of the revolutionary troops from Gonaives.

Zamor formerly was governor of the Northern Department, and in 1911 was War Minister. He headed the revolt in the city of Gonaives in January, and his forces a few days later won a victory over the revolutionists under Senator Davilmar Theodore, who had proclaimed himself commander-in-chief of the rebels.

Theodore returned to Cape Haitien, where he has set up a provisional government.

It was announced that detachments of troops from foreign warships now would return to their vessels.

MAKES REMARKABLE RECORD

McKny's "Clean-Up Squad" Wages
Vigorous War on Gangsters.
[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]
New York, February 8.—In connection with the arrest of Chin Kee, proprietor of a Chinese restaurant in lower Third Avenue, who was arraigned today before Magistrate McQuade in the Essex Market Police Court on a charge of selling opium, it was revealed that Police Commissioner McKay's "clean-up squad" has made a remarkable record in its warfare on gangsters in the past three weeks.

In that period the squad has seized 326 pistols and twenty-seven black-jacks, raided eighteen gambling places, captured one outfit of burglar tools, and recovered more than \$5,000 worth of stolen property.

LACK OF MONEY HALTS WORK

Red Cross Director Warns of Danger of Flood Havoc.

Washington, February 8.—Financial starvation has halted the efforts of the National Drainage Conference to guard against a recurrence of floods that dinaged the Middle Western and Southern States last year. Edmund T. Perkins, president of the congress, today notified Ernests P. Bicknell, national director of the Red Cross Society, of his inability to continue operations because of lack of funds, and warned the Red Cross to be "prepared to cope again in a few weeks with flood havoc such as that of last year, which cost the American people nearly 1,000 lives and property to the value of \$200,000,000."

IMPROVEMENT IN RELATIONS

Japanese Impressed by Events in House of Representatives Last Week.

Washington, February 8.—Notable improvement in the relations between the United States and Japan is believed to have resulted from events in the House of Representatives last week, connected with the Burnett immigration bill. Reports from Tokyo are that a profound impression was caused in the Japanese capital by the refusal of the House to include in the bill the proposed prohibition against the entry of Japanese into the United States and by the nonpartisan appeal of Representative Mann.

MEMORIAL SESSION OF HOUSE

Tribute Paid to Roddenbery and Wilder by Fellow-Members.
[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] Washington, February 8, Tributes to the memory of Representatives S. A. Washington, February 8.—Tributes to the memory of Representatives S. A. Roddenbery, of Georgia, and William H. Wilder, of Massachusetts, both of whom have passed away since the Sixty-third Congress convened, were paid by their fellow-members at a special session held to-day. A similar honor will be accorded the late Representative William G. Bremner, of New Jersey, who died recently of cancer.

ACCUSED OF FAVORITISM

President Will Be Asked to Investigate
Conduct of Judge Dayton.
Wheeling, W. Va., February 8.—President Wilson will be asked to start an investigation of the official conduct of Circuit Judge Alston G. Dayton, of the Northern District of West Virginia. This move was decided on at a massmeeting here to-day of union workers. The movement was begun by United Mine Workers of America, who allege Judge Dayton showed favoritism in his conduct of cases growing out of the strike at Colliers, W. Va., which has been in progress since early last fall

CASHIER SPOTS CHECK FLASHER IN HOTEL LOBBY

Identifies MacDougal. Who Registered at Murphy's as Avery.

WIFE DAZED WHEN POLICE TOOK HIM

Burns Detective Agency Wires Major Werner That He Is Wanted in New York-Offered Job to Edwards, by Whom He Was Introduced at Bank.

T. G. Avery, alias Benjamin Mac-Dougal, thirty-three years old, whom the police assert is wanted for passing worthless checks and drafts in New York, Philadelphia and other cities, was arrested yesterday by Detective-Sergeants Wiltshire and Krengel at Murphy's Hotel on one charge of forgery and two of passing bad checks in this city. He is alleged to have forged a check for \$500 on the Union Trust Company of New York, and to have defrauded the Richmond Bank and Trust Company out of \$55 by giving two worthless checks, one for \$15 and another for \$40.

When taken in custody Avery said that he had no intention of swindling any one, and that the whole affair was a business matter. He came to Richmond about a week ago, he said, for the purpose of entering the brokerage business. business.

wife Dazed by Arrest.

Avery's wife was amazed when informed by detectives that her husband had been arrested. They were married, she said, on January 29 last, at St. Stephen's Church, in Philadelphia. Her home, she said, was with her mother, Mrs. Ella Furnes, of 601 West One Hundred and Sixty-fourth Street, New York. She added that she had known Avery only three months, but knew that he came from a prominent family in Birmingham, Ala. She had never known him to have been in pravious trouble.

rious trouble.

As soon as she recovered from the shock of his arrest, Mrs. Avery telegraphed to her uncle, C. B. Clifton, of Bradentown, Fla., for funds with which to defray her traveling expenses to New York. She said she would not remain in Richmond.

According to Krengel, Avery admitted to him that he knew he did not have any funds in the New York bank on which he drew the checks, but after he had been taken to police headquarters he refused to talk. He said he would say nothing until after he retained counsel, which, it is expected, he will do this morning before he is arraigned in Police Court.

Offered Edwards a Job.

During the short time he has been

Offered Edwards a Job.
During the short time he has been in Richmond Avery has been leading a dual life. With his wife he registered at Murphy's as Mr. and Mrs. T. G. Avery. A day or so later he went to the Richmond Hotel by himself and registered as Benjamin MacDougal, of Naw York. Under that were head. New York. Under that name he in-serted an advertisement in a local newspaper, announcing "money

on approved collateral and second mortgages bought."

The advertisement interested T. M. Edwards, who lives at the Grace Apartments, who lives at the Grace Apartments, Allison and Grace Streets, and he called on Avery at the Richmond. Avery, whom Edwards knew as Mac-Dougal, said that it was his intention to open a broker's office here, and after several conferences said he would make Edwards his manager and induced him

to accept by offering him a liberal salary.
On Saturday Avery asked Edwards On Saturday Avery asked Edwards to take him to a leading bank, as it was his intention to open a local account. He was introduced to John Tyler, assistant cashler of the First National Bank, who accepted a draft for \$3,000, drawn on a New York bank as a deposit. However, he informed MacDougal that he could not draw upon it until it had been O. With the it until it had been O. K.'d by the New

Telegraphed His "Brother." Apparently to make an impression upon Edwards, Avery went to a tele-graph office and sent a telegram to his graph office and sent a telegram to his brother, whom he said was Ralph Mac-Dougal, of 7 West Fortieth Street, New York. It read as follows: "Send by wire \$3,000." It was signed "Ben."

Accompanied by Edwards, he then went to the Travelers' Building and arranged to rent a suite of offices, and afterward went to a big furniture house and ordered \$200 worth of office dixtures.

fixtures. He told Edwards that he was pressed for a little ready cash, and the latter said that the matter could be easily arranged. He took him to the Richmond Bank and Trust Company, in which institution Edwards is a stock-

holder, and there he met C. L. Williams, the cashier.
Introduced Him at Bank, When he was introduced by Edwards as a friend and business associate, Mr. Williams did not hesitate to accept a

draft for \$500, which was drawn on the Union Trust Company. Upon his return later in the day to the Richmond, MacDougal was presented with a bill of \$15, and was asked to settle at once. He tendered a check on the Richmond Bank and Trust Company for \$15. He told the clerk that all of his money was in the New York bank, but that he had arranged to do business with the local bank, and that Mr. Williams would vouch for him. Over the telephone Mr. Williams told the hotel management that MacDougal's check was good \$15, but, in the meantime, the hotel had telegraphed the New York bank, Later a wire was received that Ben-jamin MacDougal was not known. This information was conveyed to Mr. Williams on Saturday night, and he promptly took up the matter with the police. The stranger had also cashed

another check for \$40 on the strength of Mr. Williams's word. Search for MacDougal then began It was found that he was not at the Richmond, and Krengel and Wiltshire were told that it was thought he had gone to Murphy's. A search of the register there did not disclose the name of MacDougal.

Caught Him at Murphy's.

Acting on the impulse yesterday morning, Mr. Williams went to Murphy's and examined the register. By